CHAPTER 6: <u>OPEN DUMPS - CLEANUP STANDARDS</u>:

Rule 6.0 Criteria for Selection of Abatement Action or Response Action: Any interim or final Abatement Action or Response Action selected, required or approved pursuant to the authority vested or liability imposed by this Code of Rules shall comply with the requirements of this Chapter 6 of this Code of Rules. With respect to any such Action, the FCSWA or the court shall select the appropriate Abatement Action(s) or Response Action(s) determined to be necessary to be carried out under the Code of Rules which are in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter 6, and which provide for cost-effective abatement or response. In evaluating the cost effectiveness of proposed alternative, final Abatement or Remedial Actions, FCSWA or the court shall consider the total short- and long-term costs of such Actions, including the costs of operation and maintenance for the entire period during which such activities will be required.

6.1 General Site Cleanup Standards:

- (a) Preferred treatment or reprocessing: With respect to all Abatement or Remedial Actions subject to Rule 6.0 of this Code of Rules, Actions in which reprocessing or treatment which permanently and significantly reduces the volume, toxicity or mobility of any of the Hazardous Substance(s) or Toxic Pollutant(s) and Contaminant(s) present at or that have emanated from the site or Facility at issue is a principal element are to be preferred over Abatement or Remedial Actions not involving such reprocessing or treatment. The offsite transport and Disposal of Hazardous Substance(s), Toxic Pollutant(s) or Contaminant(s) or environmental media contaminated with either Hazardous Substance(s) or Toxic Pollutant(s) and Contaminant(s) without such reprocessing or treatment should be the least favored alternative Abatement or Remedial Action where practicable treatment or reprocessing technologies are available. The FCSWA or the court shall conduct, or require the timely and competent conduct of, an assessment of permanent solutions and alternative treatment technologies or resource recovery technologies that, in whole or in part, will result in a permanent and significant decrease in the toxicity, mobility, or volume of any Hazardous Substance or Pollutant(s) and Contaminant(s), or both. In making such assessment, the FCSWA or the court shall specifically address, or require that the responsible party(ies) address the long-term effectiveness of various alternatives. In assessing alternative Abatement or Remedial Actions, the FCSWA or the court shall, at a minimum, take into account:
 - (1) the long-term uncertainties associated with land disposal;
 - (2) the goals, objectives, and requirements of **RCRA** and the West Virginia Solid Waste Disposal Act;
 - (3) the persistence, toxicity, mobility, and propensity to bioaccumulate of such Hazardous Substances, Toxic Pollutant(s) and Contaminant(s), or both, and their constituents;
 - (4) short- and long-term potential for adverse health effects from human exposure;

- (5) long-term maintenance costs;
- (6) the potential for incurrence of future **Abatement** or **Remedial Action** costs if the alternative **Abatement** or **Remedial Action(s)** in question were to fail; and
- (7) the potential threat to Public Health, Safety, Welfare or the **Environment** associated with excavation, transportation, and re-disposal, or containment.
- (b) The FCSWA or the court shall select an Abatement or Remedial Action that is protective of human health and the Environment, that is cost effective, that utilizes permanent solutions and alternative treatment technologies or resource recovery technologies to the maximum extent practicable, and that, to the maximum extent practical, is consistent with and promotes the accomplishment of the public goals set forth in the Fayette County Solid Waste Plan and the applicable provisions, if any, of the formally approved Fayette County General Plan, land use and Urban Renewal Plans. If the FCSWA selects or recommends any Interim or Final Abatement or Remedial action, other than an Order requiring a responsible party or parties to perform a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study with respect to any Open Dump, Open Dumping Public Nuisance or Solid Waste Public Nuisance, not appropriate for a preference under this Rule 6.1(a) or (b), the FCSWA shall publish an explanation for public review and comment as to why such Abatement or Remedial Action involving such reductions was not selected.
- (c) The FCSWA or the court may select an alternative Abatement or Remedial Action meeting the objectives of this Rule 6.1 regardless of whether such Action has been achieved in practice at any other Facility or site that has similar characteristics. In making such a selection, the FCSWA or the court may consider the degree of support for such Abatement or Remedial Action by the public and the parties interested in such site.

6.2 <u>Site-specific Requirements Applicable to Recommendation, Selection, and Conduct of Abatement Action(s) or Response Actions (s):</u>

- (a) Cleanup and Response requirements applicable to a Class 1 Open Dump or an Open Dumping Public Nuisance: In addition to complying with the requirements of Rule 6.1, all Abatement Actions or Response Actions subject to the requirements of Rule 6.0 of this Code of Rules taken or required with respect to a Class 1 Open Dump or an Open Dumping Public Nuisance shall be undertaken in a manner not inconsistent with the National Contingency Plan (interpreted and applied with the FCSWA serving as, and exercising the authority and discretion therein assigned to, either the "U.S. Environmental Protection Agency" or the "Lead Agency").
- (b) Cleanup and Response requirements applicable to a Class 2 Open Dump or a Solid Waste Public Nuisance: In addition to complying with the requirements of Rule 6.1, all Abatement Actions or Response Actions subject to the requirements of Rule 6.0 of this Code of Rules taken or required with respect to a Class 2 Open Dump or Solid Waste Public Nuisance shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be undertaken in a manner not inconsistent with the National Contingency Plan (interpreted and applied

with the FCSWA serving as, and exercising the authority and discretion therein assigned to the "U.S. Environmental Protection Agency" or "Lead Agency"); provided, however, that the FCSWA or the court, *sua sponte* or upon application of any governmental agency with jurisdiction over such site or Facility or of any responsible party at such site, may waive any specific requirement(s) imposed by this Chapter 6 that is not otherwise required by applicable federal or West Virginia statute or by applicable regulations of any federal agency or any West Virginia agency or authority other than the FCSWA upon a showing by clear and convincing evidence that, if such specific requirement is waived, the resulting Abatement Action or Response Action will be adequately protective of the Public Health, Safety, Welfare, the Environment within Fayette County and of all present and future beneficial uses of Natural Resources beyond the boundaries of the parcel(s) of real property upon which such Open Dump is located.

(c) Cleanup and Response requirements applicable to a Class 3 Open Dump: If FCSWA, upon inspection or investigation by a duly authorized representative or through other means, specifically including receipt of a formal Finding and Recommendation of the Secretary, the West Virginia Solid Waste Management Board, the Fayette County Commission; the Fayette County Code Enforcement Agency ("FCoWVCEA"), the Fayette County Board of Health, or the Fayette County Urban Redevelopment Authority, observes, discovers or learns of reasonable cause to believe that there exist within Fayette County or adversely impacting on the Public Health, Safety, Welfare or the Environment within Fayette County a Class 3 Open Dump, it shall, in recognition of the provisions of W. Va. Code § 7-1-3ff(d), refer the matter to the Fayette County Litter Control Officer for appropriate action, or, in recognition of the provisions of W. Va. Code § 7-1-3ff(e) and (f)(1), refer the matter to the FCoWVCEA for appropriate action under Section XII.V of Fayette County Ordinance No. 2018-001. Notwithstanding such referral or the fact that the resulting liability with respect to such **Open Dump** may be imposed either pursuant to W. Va. Code, Chapter 22, Article 15, or W. Va. Code § 7-1-3ff and Fayette County Ordinance 2018-001, unless such Open Dump is subject to a Compliance Schedule, any Response Action or Abatement Action taken or required by the FCoWVCEA, the Fayette County Commission, or the court with respect to a Class 3 Open Dump shall comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of Rules 6.1 and 6.3 of this Code of Rules.

(d) Cleanup and Response requirements applicable to a Class 4 Open Dump:

(1) If the FCSWA, upon inspection or investigation by a duly authorized representative or through other means, specifically including receipt of a formal Finding and Recommendation of the Secretary, the West Virginia Solid Waste Management Board, the Fayette County Commission; the Fayette County Code Enforcement Agency ("FCoWVCEA"), the Fayette County Board of Health, or the Fayette County Urban Renewal Authority, observes, discovers or learns of reasonable cause to believe that there exist within Fayette County or adversely impacting the Public Health, Safety, Welfare or the Environment within Fayette County a Class 4 Open

Dump, it may, by majority vote of the members of the FCSWA, take any of the following actions:

- (A) in recognition of the provisions of W. Va. Code § 7-1-3ff(d), refer the matter to the Fayette County Litter Control Officer for appropriate action;
- **(B)** in recognition of the provisions of W. Va. Code § 7-1-3kk and Fayette County Ordinance 2018-001, refer the matter to the **FCoWVCEA** for appropriate action; or
- (C) take any other action authorized by this Code of Rules.
- (2) any Response Action or Abatement Action taken or required with respect to a Class 4 Open Dump by the FCSWA, FCoWVCEA, the Fayette County Commission, or the court shall comply with the requirements of Rules 6.1(b) and (c) and 6.3 of this Code of Rules;
- 6.3 Requirements Regarding Any Abatement Action or Response Action Involving the Transfer of Any Hazardous Substance or Toxic Solid Waste Offsite to Any Location within Fayette County: Any interim or final Abatement Action or Response Action selected, required or approved pursuant to the authority vested or liability imposed by this Code of Rules that involves the transfer offsite to any location within Fayette County of any Hazardous Substance or Toxic Solid Waste must require that any such Hazardous Substance or Toxic Solid Waste only be transferred to a Facility which is permitted pursuant to, and operating in compliance with, RCRA section 3004 and 3005 and all applicable requirements of West Virginia law. Such Hazardous Substance or Toxic Solid Waste may be transferred to a land disposal Facility within Fayette County only if the FCSWA determines that both of the following requirements are met:
 - (a) The unit to which the Hazardous Substance or Toxic Solid Waste is transferred is not Releasing any Hazardous Substances, Hazardous Waste, Toxic Solid Waste, or constituent thereof, into the groundwater or surface water or soil; and
 - (b) All such Releases from other units at the facility are being controlled by a corrective action program approved by the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under RCRA Subtitle C or by the Secretary in accord with the West Virginia Hazardous Waste Management Act, W. Va. Code, Chapter 22, Article 18 and the West Virginia Solid Waste Management Act, W. Va. Code, Chapter 22, Article 15.